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Bibliometric Insights Into Medical and Biological Sciences Research: A Case Study Approach



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he Crescent Journal of Medical and Biological Sciences (CJMB) is an open access peer-reviewed platform for scientific communication, covering a diverse range of subjects in both basic and clinical sciences. This editorial seeks to examine the bibliometric features of the journal, focusing on publication trends, citation metrics, and common research themes. Bibliometrics, a quantitative approach to analyzing scientific literature, provides valuable insights into the dissemination and impact of research outputs (1-5).

Data for this bibliometric study was collected on December 17, 2024 by searching all papers using the Web of Science Core Collection. A total of 560 publications were retrieved for analysis. The study examined citation counts, including self-citations, and identified the most cited papers and research topics. The citation topics were developed by the Centre for Science and Technology Studies in Leiden and the Institute for Scientific Information (ISI), providing a structured approach to categorize the research themes identified in this study (6).

The bibliometric analysis revealed that the papers published in CJMB received a total of 1,035 citations, with 996 citations when excluding self-citations. This indicates a robust interaction with the journal's content within the academic community. The average number of citations per publication was determined to be 1.11, while the average excluding self-citations was 1.01.

Among the publications, two papers emerged as the most cited within the database. The first, titled "Does COVID-19 Affect Male Fertility?" authored by Kurdoglu in January 2020, recieved significant attention, reflecting the timely relevance of the topic during the COVID-19 pandemic. The second paper, "Protective Effect of *Galega officinalis* Extract on Streptozotocin-Induced Kidney Damage and Biochemical Factor in Diabetic Rats", authored by Abtahi-Evari et al. in 2017, also received high citation counts, highlighting its impact on research related to diabetes and kidney health.

Analyzing citation trends over the past four years, we observed fluctuations in citation counts, with 193 citations

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recorded in 2021, followed by an increase to 210 citations in 2022. However, citations decreased to 196 in 2023 and further declined to 186 in 2024. Furthermore, the analysis identified key research themes based on citation topics. In the macro-level category, significant areas of focus included Phytochemicals (n=43, 7.67%), Reproductive Biology (n=40, 7.14%), and Obstetrics & Gynecology (n=31, 5.54%). Other notable topics included Cardiology - General (n=18, 3.21%) and Anesthesiology (n=17, 3.03%). At the micro-level, themes such as Essential Oil (n=18, 3.21%), Electromagnetic Fields (n=13, 2.32%), and Spermatozoa (n=13, 2.32%) were prominent, alongside Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (n=11, 1.96%) and Antibiotic Resistance (n=12, 2.14%).

The bibliometric analysis indicates that CJMB has established itself as a significant contributor to the fields of medical and biological sciences. The increase in citations over the years, particularly in 2022, suggests a growing interest and relevance of the journal's publications. The identification of key research topics, such as phytochemicals and reproductive biology, reflects current trends and priorities in scientific research.

The journal's adherence to high editorial standards and rigorous peer-review processes ensures the quality and integrity of the published research. Furthermore, the commitment to open access facilitates wider dissemination and accessibility of scientific knowledge.

In conclusion, the journal plays a key role in advancing research and knowledge in medical and biological sciences. The bibliometric analysis presented in this



study highlights the journal's impact and relevance in the academic community.

Ethical Issues

Not applicable.

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